## Kentucky glade cress

# Leavenworthia exigua var.laciniata



#### **Status**

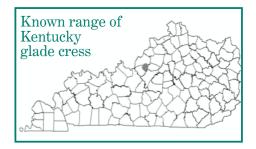
The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service is listing the Kentucky glade cress as a threatened species, and designating critical habitat for the species in two Kentucky counties.

### **Description**

The Kentucky glade cress is a small (2 to 4 inches in height), annual plant that grows on areas of flat, thin soil. It occurs only in extreme southeastern Jefferson County and the northeastern portion of Bullitt County, Kentucky. A member of the mustard family, it typically blooms in late February to early March and has a small white to lilac colored flower.

### Why is Kentucky glade cress being protected?

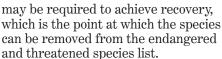
The abundance of Kentucky glade cress and the quality of its habitat has declined over the years due primarily to the modification and destruction of its natural habitat by human development. As an annual plant, the species is particularly vulnerable to temporary natural and man-made changes such as floods, droughts, ORV disturbance and other non-permanent impacts to its habitat. The restricted range of Kentucky glade cress also contributes to its threatened status.



#### What is critical habitat?

The Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, (Act) requires the Service to identify critical habitat at the time we determine a species should be protected. Critical habitat is a specific term defined and used in the Act. It refers to specific geographic areas essential for the conservation of a threatened or endangered species.

These areas may require special management consideration or protection; but they do not necessarily have to be occupied by the species at the time of designation. Areas must be identified which will allow for the protection of the current population, and any population increases that





We are designating approximately 2,053 acres within Jefferson and Bullitt County, as critical habitat for the Kentucky glade cress. All designated critical habitat units are considered occupied.

This critical designation includes only a small portion of the species range. A large proportion of the habitat historically supporting Kentucky glade cress has been altered or destroyed by development, agriculture, or other modifications. Other areas were not considered for the designation because of limited habitat availability, isolation, the presence of significantly degraded habitat, and/or low management value or potential. We believe that the critical habitat units identified in this designation are essential for the conservation of the species. Other known occurrences of Kentucky glade cress that are located outside of the areas proposed as critical habitat, and all new populations that are discovered will be subject to the protections of the Endangered Species Act.



Kentucky glade cress in bloom, photo: Jim Gruhala, USFWS

### When is a permit needed?

When critical habitat is designated, federal agencies are required to ensure that their activities will not destroy or adversely modify critical habitat. An area designated as critical habitat is not a refuge or a sanctuary for the species. Most use of critical habitat by the public will not be affected by this critical habitat designation. Private land use activities, such as landscaping, farming and silviculture, also will be unaffected. Federal activities, or actions permitted, licensed, or funded by federal agencies, will only require consultation with the Service if they are likely to adversely modify critical habitat. In such cases, the Service will work with the federal agency to identify alternatives where the project may proceed without adverse modification to critical habitat.

### Who should you contact for more information?

Lee Andrews at 502/695 0468 ext. 108 or Jennifer Garland at Jennifer\_Garland@fws.gov or 502/695 0468 ext. 115; U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Kentucky Field Office, 330 W. Broadway, Suite 265, Frankfort, KY 40601.